Fakultät für Mathematik Institut für Mathematische Optimierung Prof. Dr. F. Werner

Examination in <u>'Mathematical Methods in Business and Economics'</u> (21 July 2014)

Working time: 120 minutes

The derivation of the results must be given clearly. The statement of the result only is not sufficient.

Tools:

- pocket calculator

- **either** two individually prepared one-sided sheets of paper (write '2' on cover sheet) **or** textbook 'Mathematics of Economics and Business (write 'B' on cover sheet)

It is not allowed to use mobile phones.

Distribution of points obtainable for the problems:

problem	1	2	3	4	5	6	sum
points	6	7	12	7	8	10	50

Problems:

- Lena becomes retired on 1 February 2020. She has made an installment of 25000 EUR on 1 January 2008 and in addition she makes annual payments of 3000 EUR at the beginning of every year from 2009 up to 2020 (included). The bank offers 3 % p.a. all over the time compounded annually.
 - (a) What is the amount on 1 January 2020?

(b) Beginning with 1 February 2020, Lena wants to get a monthly withdrawal of 400 EUR. What is the present value of the annuity after eight years if again interest of 3 % is paid compounded monthly?

2. Given are the functions $f : \mathbb{R} \setminus \{3\} \to R_f$ and $g : \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\} \to R_g$ with

$$f(x) = 1 - \frac{x-5}{x-3}$$
 and $g(x) = \frac{5-x}{x}$.

- (a) Determine the ranges R_f and R_g .
- (b) Determine the composite functions

$$f \circ g$$
 and $g \circ f$

provided that they exist.

3. Given is the function $f: D_f \to R_f$ with

$$f(x) = \sqrt{4x - 4} \cdot e^{-2x} .$$

(a) Determine the domain, all zeroes, all local extreme points and all monotonicity intervals of function f.

(b) Determine

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} f(x).$$

4. Given is the following function f:

$$f(x) = e^{(x+1)^2}, \qquad D_f = (0, \infty)$$

- (a) Determine the elasticity $\epsilon_f(x)$ for this function.
- (b) Check whether function f is elastic at $x_0 = 1$.
- (c) Determine all $x \in D_f$ for which f is elastic.

5. (a) Determine

$$I = \int x^5 \cdot \sqrt{6 - x^3} \, dx \; .$$

(b) Determine all solutions of the equation

$$\log_3 \left[4 - \log_2 \left(x + 1 \right) \right] = 1 \; .$$

6. Given are the matrix A and the vector **b** as follows:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & u & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & v \end{pmatrix}, \qquad \mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(u, v are real parameters).

(a) Determine the rank of matrix A in dependence on the parameters u and v.

(b) Let u = 1. For which values of v are the column vectors of matrix A linearly independent.

(c) Now let u = 2 and v = -2. Give the general solution of the system of equations $A\mathbf{x} = b$ for this case.