Fakultät für Mathematik Institut für Mathematische Optimierung Prof. Dr. F. Werner

# Examination in <u>'Mathematical Methods in Business and Economics'</u> (27 July 2015)

## Working time: 120 minutes

The derivation of the results must be given clearly. The statement of the result only is not sufficient.

## Tools:

- pocket calculator (according to the instructions of FWW)

- **either** two individually prepared one-sided sheets of paper (write '2' on cover sheet) **or** textbook 'Mathematics of Economics and Business (write 'B' on cover sheet)

It is not allowed to use mobile phones.

## Distribution of points obtainable for the problems:

problem	1	2	3	4	5	6	sum
points	9	7	13	5	8	8	50

### **Problems:**

1. (a) Given is the series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n+1)^2}{2n \cdot 4^n} \, .$$

Check by means of the quotient criterion whether the above series converges.

(b) A firm produced 8,000 laptops in its first year 2011. How many laptops did the firm produce altogether up to the end of 18 years when the production increases by 15 % each year? What is the first year with a production of more than 60,000 laptops?

2. Given are the functions  $f: (0, \infty) \to R_f$  and  $g: (0, \infty) \to R_g$ with

f(x) = 3x - 2 and  $g(x) = \frac{1}{x} + 2$ 

(a) Determine the composite functions  $h = f \circ g$  and  $k = g \circ f$  provided that they exist.

(b) Determine the inverse function  $h^{-1}$  if it exists.

3. Given is the function  $f: D_f \to R_f$  with

$$f(x) = \frac{3x-3}{2x^3}$$

- (a) Determine the domain  $D_f$  and all zeroes of function f.
- (b) Calculate

$$\lim_{x \to \pm \infty} f(x) \quad \text{and} \quad \lim_{x \to 0} f(x) \,.$$

(c) Determine all local extreme points and inflection points. Give all monotonicity (i.e., where function f is increasing and decreasing, respectively) and concavity/convexity intervals.

4. Find the integral

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x}+2} \, dx \; .$$

5. Given are the vectors **a** and vector **b** as follows:

$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 2\\4\\6 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and  $\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} -2\\1\\4 \end{pmatrix}$ .

(a) Determine all vectors  $\mathbf{x}$  for which

$$\mathbf{x} \perp \mathbf{a}$$
 and  $\mathbf{x} \cdot \mathbf{b} = -10$ .

(b) Among the vectors of the form

$$\mathbf{x} = \left(\begin{array}{c} 4+t\\ -2-2t\\ t \end{array}\right)$$

with  $t \in \mathbb{R}$  find all vectors which satisfy

$$|\mathbf{x}| = \sqrt{26} \, .$$

6. Given are the matrix A and vector **b** as follows:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 4 & -3 \\ 3 & 5 & 6 & -4 \\ 4 & 5 & -2 & 3 \\ 3 & 8 & 24 & -19 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 8 \\ u \\ 2 \end{pmatrix},$$

where u is a real parameter.

- (a) Is the system Ax = b consistent for all  $u \in \mathbb{R}$ ?
- (b) Determine the general solution for u = 14.

(c) Give  $\det A$ .