

Exercises ‘Mathematical Economics’

Series 4

1. Solve the following problem by means of the KKT-conditions:

$$\begin{aligned} f(x_1, x_2) &= x_1^2 + x_2 \rightarrow \min! \\ \text{subject to} \quad &x_1^2 + x_2^2 \leq 9 \\ &x_1 + x_2 \leq 1 \end{aligned}$$

Is the solution obtained globally minimal?

2. Solve the following problem by means of the KKT-conditions: → **Homework** ☞

$$\begin{aligned} f(x_1, x_2) &= (x_1 - 1)^2 + e^{x_2^2} - 1 \rightarrow \min! \\ \text{subject to} \quad &x_1^2 + x_2^2 \leq 1 \end{aligned}$$

Why is the obtained solution a global minimum point?

3. Consider the following nonlinear programming problem:

$$\begin{aligned} f(x_1, x_2) &= -x_1 - x_2 - 8 \rightarrow \min! \\ \text{subject to} \quad &2x_1^2 + x_2^2 \leq 6 \\ &-x_1 + 3x_2 \geq 1 \\ &x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

- (a) Set up the KKT-conditions and show that $x_1 = 0$ or $x_2 = 0$ is not compatible with them.
- (b) Compute the concrete solution (Hint: $\lambda_2^* = 0$).
- (c) Show by means of the saddle-point theorem that the solution obtained in (b) is indeed a global minimum point for the problem under consideration.
4. Consider the problem:

$$\begin{aligned} f(x_1, x_2) &= \min\{x_1, 2x_2\} \rightarrow \max! \\ \text{subject to} \quad &x_1 + x_2 \leq 3 \\ &x_1, x_2 \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

- (a) Give a graphical representation of the problem and identify the solution for x_1 and x_2 .

- (b) Show by means of the saddle-point theorem that the point obtained in (a) is compatible with it and determine the value of λ^* (Hint: Treat the two half-spaces $x_1 \geq 2x_2$ and $x_1 \leq 2x_2$ separately).

5. Solve the following linear programming problem by means of the KKT-conditions:
 → **Homework** ✎

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(x_1, x_2) &= 4x_1 + 3x_2 \rightarrow \max! \\
 \text{subject to} \quad &x_1 + 5x_2 \leq 45 \\
 &x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 21 \\
 &3x_1 + x_2 \leq 33 \\
 &x_1, x_2 \geq 0
 \end{aligned}$$

(Hint: Show first that only $x_1 > 0$ and $x_2 > 0$ can be a solution. Then analyze the different possible constellations for the λ_i values, i.e. $\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3 > 0$; $\lambda_1 = 0, \lambda_2, \lambda_3 > 0$; etc.)

6. Consider the following nonlinear programming problem:

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(x_1, x_2) &= (x_1 - 5)^2 + 4(x_2 - 1)^2 - 14 \rightarrow \min! \\
 \text{subject to} \quad &x_1^2 - 4x_1 - x_2 \leq -4 \\
 &2x_1 + x_2 \leq 7 \\
 &x_1, x_2 \geq 0
 \end{aligned}$$

- (a) Check whether the conditions are fulfilled which ensure that the KKT-conditions are sufficient and necessary for a global constrained minimum point.
- (b) Give a graphical representation of
- the two constraints,
 - the resulting set of feasible solutions,
 - the level curves of the objective function
- and try to identify the solution.
- (c) Now verify that the solution found in (b) satisfies the KKT-conditions.
 → **Homework** ✎